## Booklet No. :

# BT - 15 <br> Bio Technology 

Hall Ticket No.


## Name of the Candidate :

$\qquad$

Date of Examination : $\qquad$ OMR Answer Sheet No. : $\qquad$

Signature of the Candidate
Signature of the Invigilator

## INSTRUCTIONS

1. This Question Booklet consists of $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ multiple choice objective type questions to be answered in $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ minutes.
2. Every question in this booklet has 4 choices marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) for its answer.
3. Each question carries one mark. There are no negative marks for wrong answers.
4. This Booklet consists of $\mathbf{1 6}$ pages. Any discrepancy or any defect is found, the same may be informed to the Invigilator for replacement of Booklet.
5. Answer all the questions on the OMR Answer Sheet using Blue/Black ball point pen only.
6. Before answering the questions on the OMR Answer Sheet, please read the instructions printed on the OMR sheet carefully.
7. OMR Answer Sheet should be handed over to the Invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall.
8. Calculators, Pagers, Mobile Phones, etc., are not allowed into the Examination Hall.
9. No part of the Booklet should be detached under any circumstances.
10. The seal of the Booklet should be opened only after signal/bell is given.

## BIO TECHNOLOGY (BT)

1. The value of $p$ for which the system of equations $x+5 y+3 z=0,5 x+y-p z=0$ and $x+2 y+p z=0$ has non zero solution is
(A) $p=\frac{1}{2}$
(B) $p=0$
(C) $p=2$
(D) $p=1$
2. The eigen values of the matrix are $\left[\begin{array}{lll}2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 3\end{array}\right]$
(A) $1, \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}, \frac{-\sqrt{5}}{2}$
(B) $1, \frac{5+\sqrt{5}}{2}, \frac{5-\sqrt{5}}{2}$
(C) $1, \sqrt{5},-\sqrt{5}$
(D) purely imaginary
3. If $u(x, y)=\frac{x^{2} y^{2}}{x^{2}+y^{2}}$ then $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}+y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$ is equal to
(A) $4 u$
(B) $\frac{1}{2} u$
(C) $2 u$
(D) $\frac{1}{4} u$
4. The Fourier series expansion of $f(x)=\sin ^{3} x$ in the interval $(0,2 \pi)$ is equal to
(A) $\frac{1}{4} \sin x-\frac{3}{4} \sin 3 x$
(B) $\frac{3}{4} \sin x+\frac{1}{4} \sin 3 x$
(C) $\frac{3}{4} \sin x-\frac{1}{4} \sin 3 x$
(D) none
5. The particular integral of the differential equation $(1+\mathrm{D})^{2} y=x^{2}+x$ is equal to
(A) $x^{2}+2 x+3$
(B) $(1+x)^{2}$
(C) $x^{2}-3 x-4$
(D) $x^{2}+x$
6. The solution of one dimensional wave equation $\frac{\partial^{2} y}{\partial t^{2}}=c^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} y}{\partial x^{2}}$ is of the form
(A) $\left(c_{1} e^{p x}+c_{2} e^{-p x}\right)\left(c_{3} \cos p t+c_{4} \sin p t\right)$
(B) $\left(c_{1} x+c_{2}\right)\left(c_{3} \cos p t+c_{4} \sin p t\right)$
(C) $\quad\left(c_{1} \cos p x+c_{2} \sin p x\right)\left(c_{3} \cos p t+c_{4} \sin p t\right)$
(D) none of these
7. An electronic assembly consists of two subsystems A and B. From the past experience, it is known that $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A}$ fails $)=0.20, \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A}$ and B fail $)=0.20$ and $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B}$ fails alone $)=0.15$. The probability that $P$ (A fails / $B$ has failed) is
(A) $\frac{3}{7}$
(B) 0.15
(C) $\frac{2}{15}$
(D) $\frac{4}{7}$
8. If the distribution function (DF) is $\mathrm{F}(x)=1-e^{-k x}, x>0, k \geq 0$, the probability distribution function (PDF) is
(A) $k e^{-k x}$
(B) $e^{-k x}$
(C) 0
(D) 1
9. By intermediate value theorem one of the interval in which one root of the function $f(x)=x^{2}-x-2$ lies is
(A) $(0,1)$
(B) $(-1,0)$
(C) $(1,3)$
(D) None of these
10. Taylor series approximation (up to third order) of the solution $\frac{d y}{d x}=x^{2}+y$ with the initial condition $y(0)=1$ is
(A) $1+x+\frac{x^{2}+x^{3}}{2}$
(B) $1+x+\frac{x^{2}}{2}$
(C) $1+x+\frac{x^{2}}{2}+\frac{x^{3}}{3}$
(D) $1+x+\frac{x^{3}}{3}$
11. What will be the F 2 phenotypic ratio in a dihybridization experiment in which one character exhibits complete dominance whereas the second character exhibits codominance?
(A) $12: 3: 1$
(B) $9: 3: 4$
(C) $3: 6: 3: 1: 2: 1$
(D) $9: 3: 3: 1$
12. A carrier female for taysachs disease marries a man who is also carrier for the same condition. What will be the probability that their first child is normal female ?
(A) $2 / 8$
(B) $1 / 8$
(C) $4 / 8$
(D) $3 / 8$
13. In a dihybrid two genes $A$ and $B$ are located at a distance of 16 map units. If the dihybrid is in repulsion phase, what will be the proportion of Ab gametes ?
(A) $84 \%$
(B) $42 \%$
(C) $21 \%$
(D) $8 \%$
14. Taysachs disease caused due to mutation in
(A) Homogentisate oxidase
(B) $\beta$ hexoseaminidase
(C) Tyrosinase
(D) Pyruvate decarboxylase
15. In the fallowing phenotypes, which one is related to Recessive epistasis ?
(A) $9: 3: 4$
(B) $13: 3$
(C) $15: 1$
(D) $9: 6: 1$
16. A mutation to DNA polymerase that eliminated the $5^{\mathrm{I}}$ to $3^{\mathrm{I}}$ exonuclease activity would prevent
(A) Ligation of the Okazaki fragments
(B) Removal of the RNA primer
(C) Removal of the base mismatches
(D) Repair of deaminated bases
17. How many high energy bonds are required for the recruitment of $2^{\text {nd }}$ amino acid in Ribosomes in translation ?
(A) 3
(B) 2
(C) 4
(D) 6
18. Which of the following pair is not correctly described?
(A) $5^{\mathrm{I}}$ splice site : begins with GU, marks $5^{\mathrm{I}}$ end of intron
(B) Branch site : contains A that binds U2; branch site of lariat
(C) $3^{\mathrm{I}}$ splice site : begins with AG, marks $3^{\mathrm{I}}$ end of intron
(D) Trimer : consists of U4/U6 and U5, brings $5^{\mathrm{I}}$ splice site to branch site
19. Which of the following protein families are chromosome remodelling complexes ?
(A) HATs
(B) SWI/SNF
(C) TFIID
(D) XPA
20. If an mRNA has 207 nts length, what will be the molecular weight of protein synthesized from that mRNA ?
(A) 8.8 KD
(B) 7.6 KD
(C) 7.5 KD
(D) 8.7 KD
21. Which of the following toxins inhibits eukaryotic protein synthesis through the depurination of a single adenine residue in 28 S ribosomal RNA (r RNA)
(A) Diptheria toxin
(B) Ricin
(C) $\alpha$-Sarcin
(D) Colicin E-3
22. Most of the gram -ve bacteria shows quorum sensing by the release of
(A) Homoserine lactones
(B) phospho lactones
(C) Phosphoserine lactones
(D) Phosphoinositol lactone
23. The process in which a molecule is transported into the cell while being chemically altered is called
(A) Passive transport
(B) Group translocation
(C) Facilitated transport
(D) Active transport
24. During the transformation in bacteria the exogonate DNA combines with endogonate DNA to form a triple stranded structure. Which protein is involved in the formation of double cross-over between exogonate and endogonate strands ?
(A) $\operatorname{Rec} \mathrm{B}$
(B) $\operatorname{Rad} 51$
(C) $\operatorname{Rec} A$
(D) Ruv A
25. Proteins which are responsible for induction of lytic phase from lysogenic phase in bacteriophases
(A) CI
(B) Cro
(C) Gag
(D) Pol
26. Agrobacterium tumefaciens is not an effective vector for
(A) Rice
(B) Soya bean
(C) Tomato
(D) Sorghum

Set - $\mathbf{A}$
4
27. Which of the following bacteria is chemolitho-autotroph ?
(A) Purple and green sulphur bacteria
(B) Purple non sulphur bacteria
(C) Green non sulphur bacteria
(D) sulphur oxidizing bacteria
28. Halobacterium and other extremely halophillic bacteria have significantly modified the structure of their proteins and membranes by
(A) increasing intracellular $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$and $\mathrm{K}^{+}$levels.
(B) increasing intracellular $\mathrm{Ca}^{++}$levels.
(C) increasing extracellular $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$ions.
(D) increasing intracellular $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$ions.
29. Amino acid with highest positive hydropathy index
(A) Leucine
(B) Isoleucine
(C) Methionine
(D) Tryptophan
30. Which RNA plays a role in protein targeting ?
(A) tm RNA
(B) P RNA
(C) i RNA
(D) 7SL RNA
31. Peptide antibiotic which is synthesized without the involvement of Ribosomes
(A) Actinomycin-D
(B) Gramicidin
(C) Streptomycin
(D) Valinomycin
32. An alpha helix made up of 114 aminoacid residues. What will be the value of its axial length and also length when polypeptide chain is fully extended?
(A) $171 \AA, 410.4 \AA$
(B) $171 \AA, 171 \AA$
(C) $410.4 \AA, 171 \AA$
(D) $410.4 \AA, 410.4 \AA$
33. Refsum's disease arises due to defective
(A) $\beta$-Oxidation pathway
(B) $\alpha$ Oxidation pathway
(C) $\omega$ Oxidation pathway
(D) TCA cycle
34. Liddle's syndrome is associated with
(A) excessive $\mathrm{Ca}^{++}$absorption
(B) excessive $\mathrm{K}^{+}$absorption
(C) excessive $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$absorption
(D) excessive $\mathrm{Mg}^{++}$absorption
35. Which of the following is an excitatory neurotransmitter ?
(A) GABA
(B) Glycine
(C) Dopamine
(D) Glutamine
36. Rb and $\mathrm{P}^{53}$ both are genes that function in regulating the cell cycle transition from
(A) S to G 2
(B) G 2 to M
(C) M to G1
(D) G 1 to S
37. Enzyme which is called as pace maker of glycolysis
(A) Hexokinase
(B) Phosphohexose isomerise
(C) Phosphofructo kinase
(D) Triose phosphate isomerise

Set - $\mathbf{A}$
5
38. The difference in the Theoretical and practical time duration of protein folding is called
(A) Levinthal paradox
(B) C-Value paradox
(C) Raven paradox
(D) Ross's paradox
39. Which of the following glycolysis intermediate will regulate the binding of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ to haemoglobin?
(A) Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate
(B) Dihydroxy acetone phosphate
(C) 2, 3 bis phosphoglycerate
(D) Phosphoenol pyruvate
40. Three restriction enzymes A, B and C have six, eight and four base pairs as their recognition sites respectively. The ratios of the number of fragments that will generate on restriction digestion of a genomic DNA of E. coli are approximately
(A) $1: 64: 16$
(B) $16: 256: 6$
(C) $16: 256: 1$
(D) $256: 16: 1$
41. The secretory $\operatorname{IgM}$ was electrophoresed on SDS PAGE under reduced and denaturing conditions. The number of polypeptide bands detected on the gel is
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) 5
42. $\quad$ RBC and Platelets destruction occurs in spleen. The process is called
(A) Hemocatheresis
(B) Hemolysis
(C) Hemopoiesis
(D) Hemogenisis
43. Which of the following is not present on the neutrophil membrane?
(A) TLR-2
(B) TLR-4
(C) MHC-II
(D) $\mathrm{Fc} r \mathrm{R}$
44. In which stage of the B-cell development Ig gene rearrangement occurs ?
(A) Hematopoietic stem cell to lymphoid progenitor
(B) Lymphoid progenitor to pre B-cell
(C) Pro B-cell to Pre B-cell
(D) Immature B-cell to mature B-cell
45. $\alpha$-Defensins are found in
(A) Azurophilic granules of polymorphonuclear leucocytes
(B) Epithelial cells
(C) Lymphocytes
(D) Macrophages
46. CD 40 ligand is seen only on
(A) Macrophages
(B) Cytotoxic T-cells
(C) Helper T-cells
(D) Dendritic cells
47. In celiac disease there is T-cell sensitivity to
(A) B adrenergic receptor
(B) Myelin basic proteins
(C) Gluten
(D) Gastric $\mathrm{H}^{+}-\mathrm{K}^{+}$dependent ATPase
48. Which cells first recognise grafted foreign tissue and starts the process of rejection ?
(A) Helper T-cells
(B) Macrophages
(C) Cytotoxic T-cells
(D) B-cells
49. Accumulation of lactic acid causes metabolic acidosis due to deficiency of
(A) Pyruvate kinase
(B) Citrate synthase
(C) Pyruvate decarboxylase
(D) Malate dehydrogenase
50. The primer used for the amplification had the following composition. Calculate the annealing temperature, $\mathrm{A}=6, \mathrm{~T}=4, \mathrm{G}=5, \mathrm{C}=5$
(A) $60{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(B) $50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(C) $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(D) $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
51. On an average each human chromosome contains 0.1 billion base pairs of DNA. The carrying capacity of a yeast vector is $10^{3} \mathrm{Kbp}$. How many molecules of YAC required for inserting the chromosomal DNA ?
(A) $10^{2}$
(B) $10^{3}$
(C) $\quad 10^{4}$
(D) $10^{5}$
52. Which of the following pair is Neoschizomer ?
(A) Mbo I, Sau 3A
(B) Hind III , Eco RI
(C) Xma I , Pst I
(D) Sma I, Xma I
53. In electroporation, once critical field is achieved there is a rapid localized rearrangement of lipids which results a structure called Pre-Pore complex. Which is a right statement for Pre-Pore complex ?
(A) Pre-Pore complex has $3 \AA$ diameter and it is electrically conductive.
(B) Pre-Pore complex has $4 \AA$ diameter and it is electrically non conductive.
(C) Pre-Pore complex has $4 \AA$ diameter and it is electrically conductive.
(D) Pre-Pore complex has $3 \AA$ diameter and it is electrically non conductive.
54. In a sequencing reaction, instead of $d$ ATP, dd ATP was added, what will be the consequence?
(A) Normal DNA synthesis would occur
(B) No DNA synthesis would occur
(C) Synthesis would terminate randomly regardless of the nucleotide incorporated
(D) Synthesis would always stop at the position at which the first A was incorporated
55. The structural analogue of folic acid which is widely used to control cancer
(A) Methotraxate
(B) Nalidixic acid (C)
Cisplatin
(D) Etoposide
56. Choose the wrong statement from the following statements :
(A) BMR increases with increase of surface area
(B) Infants and growing children show high BMR
(C) In warm climates, the BMR is higher when compared to cold climates
(D) BMR increases in persons who do regular exercise
57. Diptheria toxin inhibits protein synthesis by
(A) binding with 60S ribosomal sub unit
(B) inhibits peptidyl transferase
(C) inactivates elongation factor eEF2
(D) inhibits binding of aminoacylt-RNA to ribosomal complex
58. Find out primary bile acids from the following pair :
(A) Cholic acid, chenodeoxycholic acid
(B) Deoxycholic acid, lithocholic acid
(C) Glycocholic acid, glcochenodeoxycholic acid
(D) Taurocholic acid, taurochenodeoxycholic acid
59. Which of the following enzymes do not require template for the synthesis of DNA and RNA?
(A) DNA polymerase 5
(B) RNA pol 1
(C) reverse transcriptase
(D) terminal deoxy nucleotidyl transferase
60. A restriction fragment obtained with a type II endonuclease was subjected to MaxamGilbert sequencing which results as shown in the autoradiogram below. What will be the sequence of fragmented DNA ?

| G | $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{G}$ | C | $\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{T}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - |  |  |
|  |  | - | - |
|  |  |  | - |
|  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  |  |
|  |  |  | - |
| - | - |  |  |
|  |  | - | - |
|  |  |  | - |
|  | - |  |  |
| - | - |  |  |
|  |  | - | - |
|  |  |  | - |
|  | - |  |  |
|  |  | - | - |

(A) $5^{\mathrm{I}} \mathrm{CATCGATCGTAATCG} 3{ }^{\mathrm{I}}$
(B) $3^{\mathrm{I}}$ CATCGATCGTAATCG $5^{\mathrm{I}}$
(C) $5^{1}$ CATCGAGCTTAATCG $3{ }^{1}$
(D) $3^{\mathrm{I}}$ CATCGATCGAATTCG $5^{1}$
61. Trypsin cleaves the peptidyl bond at the site of
(A) carboxyl side of arginine or lysine
(B) amino side of arginine or lysine
(C) carboxyl side of tryptophan or phenylalanine
(D) amino side of tryptophan or phenylalanine
62. To immobilise an enzyme in a durable way, Diazolation is frequently used, which of the following statement is correct for Diazolation ?
(A) Reaction occurs between the amino group of the support and the carboxyl group of the enzyme
(B) A bifunctional or multi-functional reagent used to create bonding between the amino group of the support and the amino group of the enzyme
(C) Bonding between the amino group of the support and a tryosyl or histidyl group of the enzyme
(D) Use of cyanogen bromide, which can be applied to a support containing glycol groups
63. Which of the following is not used as crosslinking agent for immobilization of enzymes ?
(A) Hexamethylene di isocyanate
(B) Diazonium salt
(C) $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N}$ polymethyelene bis iodoacetinamide
(D) Cyanogen bromide
64. In industrial fermentation process, which phase of the microbes were minimised or avoided?
(A) lag phase
(B) $\log$ phase
(C) stationary phase
(D) decline phase
65. An organism grows under given conditions on a given substrate with $\mu_{\max } 0.75 \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$ and Ks with respect to substrate is $0.01 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}$. What will be the growth rate of the organism under the given conditions when the substrate concentration is $0.25 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}$ ?
(A) $0.75 \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$
(B) $0.76 \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$
(C) $0.72 \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$
(D) $0.73 \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$
66. For industrial production of vitamin $\mathrm{B}_{12}$ which of the following bacteria is used ?
(A) Propionibacterium freudeureichii
(B) Clostridium acetobutylicum
(C) Leuconostoc mesenteroides
(D) Sarcina ventriculi
67. In Entner-Doudroff pathway what are the end products of glucose ?
(A) One molecule pyruvate, one mol of ATP, $\mathrm{NAD}(\mathrm{P}) \mathrm{H}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{NADH}_{2}$
(B) Two molecule pyruvate, two mol of ATP, $\mathrm{NAD}(\mathrm{P}) \mathrm{H}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{NADH}_{2}$
(C) Two molecule pyruvate, one mol of ATP, $\mathrm{NAD}(\mathrm{P}) \mathrm{H}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{NADH}_{2}$
(D) One molecule pyruvate, two mol of ATP, $\mathrm{NAD}(\mathrm{P}) \mathrm{H}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{NADH}_{2}$
68. During the fermentation process of penicillin-G, which of the following is not added to medium?
(A) Phenyl acetic acid
(B) Phenyl acetamide
(C) $\beta$ Phenyl ethylamine
(D) Phenoxy acetic acid
69. Preferred method of sterilization in large scale fermentation
(A) Radiation
(B) Filteration
(C) Chemicals
(D) Heat
70. Match the products in Column A with their corresponding product in Column B :

| Column A |  | Column B |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Micromonospora purpurea | 1. | Bacitracin |
| b. | Bacillus subtilis | 2. | Polymyxin B |
| c. | Streptomyces aureofaciens | 3. | Gentamycin |
| d. | Streptomyces spheroids | 4. | Rifamycin |
|  |  | 5. | Tetracyclin |
|  |  | 6. | Novobiocin |

(A) $\mathrm{a}-3, \mathrm{~b}-1, \mathrm{c}-5, \mathrm{~d}-6$
(B) $\mathrm{a}-6, \mathrm{~b}-4, \mathrm{c}-1, \mathrm{~d}-5$
(C) $\mathrm{a}-1, \mathrm{~b}-3, \mathrm{c}-6, \mathrm{~d}-4$
(D) $\mathrm{a}-6, \mathrm{~b}-3, \mathrm{c}-4, \mathrm{~d}-1$
71. In plants proline is produced from ornithine under normal condition, however under stress condition it is made directly from
(A) Aspartate
(B) Glutamate
(C) Glutamine
(D) Lysine
72. Glyphosate resistant plants developed by the insertion of $\qquad$ genes.
(A) aroA gene
(B) Glutamine synthase gene
(C) ALS gene
(D) psbA gene
73. Which of the following transcription factor is involved in the expression of the cold responsive genes?
(A) CBF1
(B) HSF
(C) Bxn
(D) Oct4
74. Vincristine and Vinblastine are anti cancerous drugs which are obtained from
(A) Crocus sativus
(B) Chrysanthemum species
(C) Catharanthus roseus
(D) Atropa belladonna
75. Elicitors are the compounds which
(A) Stimulate the production of secondary metabolites
(B) Induce somatic embryogenesis
(C) Enhance the biotransformation
(D) Induce androgenic embryos
76. Production of secondary metabolites requires the use of
(A) Protoplasts
(B) Apical Meristem
(C) Axillary buds
(D) Cell suspension
77. Germplasm preservation through tissue culture is
(A) Insitu conservation
(B) Exsitu conservation
(C) Protected area conservation
(D) Both insitu and exsitu conservation
78. In organogenesis multiple shoot production is promoted by
(A) $\quad 2,4-\mathrm{D}$
(B) Abscisic acid
(C) Gibberilic acid
(D) Benzyl adenine
79. Artificial seeds (synthetic seeds) are produced from somatic embryos encapsulated with
(A) Sodium carbonate
(B) Sodium alginate
(C) Calcium alginate
(D) Sodium nitrate
80. The rol gene present in Ri plasmid responsible for
(A) Shoot induction
(B) Flower bud induction
(C) Root induction
(D) Dedifferentiation
81. The functions of VirE2 protein in plants are
(A) Nuclear targetting and protection of $5^{1}$ end of T-DNA
(B) Sensing phenolic Kinase and induction of phosphorylation
(C) Nicking and processing of T-DNA
(D) Coats the T-DNA strand protects it from degradation
82. Choose the correct statement from the following :
(A) Edible vaccines are antigens generated by bacteria
(B) Edible vaccines are pre made antibiotics that are produced in transgenic plants
(C) Edible vaccines stimulate mucosal immune system to produce secretary $\operatorname{IgA}$ at mucosal surface
(D) Edible vaccines cannot uncoat the calcium ion binding sites on the coat protein of the virus
83. All the statements are true regarding RFLP and RAPD except
(A) RAPD is a quick method compared to RFLP
(B) RFLP is more reliable than RAPD
(C) Species specific primers are required for RAPD
(D) Radioactive probes are not required in RAPD
84. Aquatic fern which is an excellent bio fertilizer also form symbiotic association with Anabaena?
(A) Salvinia
(B) Marsilea
(C) Azolla
(D) Pteridium

Set - $\mathbf{A}$
11
85. An advantage of organic fertilizer over inorganic fertilizer is the addition of
(A) Micronutrients to the soil
(B) Humus to the soil
(C) Macronutrients to the soil
(D) Phosphorus to the soil
86. Which of the following fungi is used as an insecticide ?
(A) Beauveria bassiana
(B) Lecanicillum Spp
(C) Metarhizium Spp
(D) Aspergillus flavus
87. Match the following :

| Column A |  | Column B |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Trichoderma | 1. | Bioinsecticide |
| b. | Plytopthera | 2. | Bacteriocide |
| c. | Bacillus thurengenesis | 3. | Biofungicide |
|  |  | 4. | Bioherbicide |

(A) $\mathrm{a}-3, \mathrm{~b}-2, \mathrm{c}-1$
(B) $\mathrm{a}-3, \mathrm{~b}-4, \mathrm{c}-1$
(C) $\mathrm{a}-2, \mathrm{~b}-3, \mathrm{c}-4$
(D) $\mathrm{a}-4, \mathrm{~b}-3, \mathrm{c}-2$
88. Reducing the mobility of a substance in an environment by employing plants through a process called
(A) Phytostimulation
(B) Phytostabilization
(C) Phytoextraction
(D) Phytochelation
89. Choose the correct statement regarding the Genobacter metalreducens.
(A) It is rod shaped, Gram+ve, removes uranium.
(B) It is round shaped, Gram+ve, removes iron.
(C) It is round shaped, Gram-ve, removes uranium.
(D) It is rod shaped, Gram-ve, removes uranium.
90. Which of the following is used as a surfactant for enhancing oil recovery ?
(A) Xanthan gum (B) furfural
(C) Lignins
(D) Polyacrylamide
91. Once the sequences are obtained from next generation sequencing experiment, what is the first thing to do ?
(A) Perform a bioinformatics analysis of your data
(B) Publish your results
(C) Further investigate the sequence of interest
(D) Check data using a different method
92. SWISS PROT is related to
(A) Portable data
(B) Swiss bank data
(C) Sequence data bank
(D) Sequence sequence data
93. Clustal W:
(A) Multiple sequence alignment
(B) Protein secondary structure prediction tool
(C) Data retrieving tool
(D) Nucleic acid sequencing tool
94. PRINTS are software used for
(A) Detection of genes from genome
(B) Detection of T-RNA gene
(C) Prediction of function of new gene
(D) Identification of functional motifs/domains of proteins
95. An example of homology and similarity tool
(A) PROSPECT
(B) EMBOSS
(C) RASMOL
(D) BLAST
96. Deposition of c DNA into inert structure is
(A) DNA fingerprinting
(B) DNA polymerase
(C) DNA probes
(D) DNA microarrays
97. CpG islands and codon bias are used in eukaryotic genomics to
(A) identify open reading frames
(B) differentiate between eukaryotic and prokaryotic DNA sequence
(C) find regulatory sequences
(D) look for DNA binding domains
98. The first bioinformatics database was created by
(A) Richard Durbans
(B) Dayhoff
(C) Michael Dunn
(D) Pearson
99. If you were using proteomics to find out the causes of muscle disorder, which technique is preferred?
(A) Creating genomic library
(B) Sequencing the gene responsible for disorder
(C) Determining which environmental factor influences the expression of your gene of interest annotating the gene sequence
(D) Developing physical map from genomic clones
100. If the E value is 3 for the search in BLAST. This means
(A) 3 proteins in the database have same sequence as its protein
(B) Chance of similarities arose due to chance is over in $10^{3}$
(C) There would be 3 matches that are good in database of this size by chance alone
(D) The match in $\mathrm{aa}^{-}$sequence is perfect except for $\mathrm{aa}^{-}$at 3 position
101. A BLAST search of DNA sequence identifies as EXON 1 gene, an EXON gene is
(A) A section of eukaryotic gene that is translated into protein
(B) A section of eukaryotic gene that is not translated into protein
(C) A regulatory sequence that turns gene on and off
(D) DNA that has no genetic role but does maintain the physical structure of chromosome
102. The complexity of organisms increases all of the characteristics, except
(A) The gene density increases
(B) The number of introns increases
(C) Gene size increases
(D) An increase in number of chromosomes
103. Excess $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ suppress cell growth and productivity by
(A) Altering pH of the medium
(B) Inhibiting Respiration
(C) Altering intracellular pH by diffusing across cell membrane
(D) (B) and (C)
104. For profiling mammalian cells the buffering capacity of the medium is increased by
(A) $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$
(B) $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{HPO}_{4}$
(C) $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$
(D) $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$
105. In monolayer cultures cells preferentially adhere to the surfaces with
(A) Positively charged
(B) Negatively charged
(C) Neutrally charged
(D) Double positively charged
106. In monolayer cultures, Gap junctions allow intra cellular exchange of ions and molecules with
(A) 1100 D
(B) 900 D
(C) 500 D
(D) 2000 D
107. Osmolarity of human plasma is about
(A) $290 \mathrm{mosmol} / \mathrm{kg}$
(B) $310 \mathrm{mosmol} / \mathrm{kg}$
(C) $410 \mathrm{mosmol} / \mathrm{kg}$
(D) $180 \mathrm{mosmol} / \mathrm{kg}$
108. Which of the following statement is incorrect regarding HAT medium ?
(A) HAT medium is a selective medium
(B) Aminopterin in the HAT medium blocks denovo pathway of nucleotide synthesis
(C) Salvage pathway requires aminopterin and thymidine
(D) Hypoxanthine is converted to guanine by HGPRT enzyme
109. The most recent method for screening large synthetic antibody libraries
(A) ELISA
(B) Phage display
(C) Bio display
(D) RIA
110. Choose the recombinant product which is used in treatment of acute myocardial infraction.
(A) Lepirudin
(B) Interferron B
(C) Alteplase
(D) Filgrastim
111. Tumour cells can grow in suspension or in a semi solid agar gel because of
(A) loss of contact inhibition
(B) high telomerase activity
(C) reduced levels of Glycolysis
(D) increased levels of blood circulation
112. BRAC 1 gene involved in the occurrence of breast cancer, It is a
(A) Tumour suppressor gene
(B) Onco gene
(C) DNA repair gene
(D) Structural gene
113. Two homeodomain transcription factors which are the first proteins identified as essential for both early embryo development and pluripotency maintenance in embryonic stem cells
(A) TRA-1-60, TRA-1-81
(B) CD 349 , frizzled-9
(C) SSEA-1, SSEA-4
(D) Oct-4, Nanog
114. Which of the following interleukin is required for the development of basophils from hematopoietic stem cells
(A) IL-3
(B) $\mathrm{IL}-12$
(C) IL-1
(D) IL-9
115. COS cell line is
(A) Cohesive end site of phage Lambda
(B) Derivative of permissive CV-1 monkey cell line
(C) Cohesive initial stage of phage Lambda
(D) Derivative of non permissive CV-1 monkey cell line
116. When heated above the melting point, sucrose forms a brown substance called
(A) Monellin
(B) Caramel
(C) Saccharin
(D) Alitame
117. Antibiotic that blocks $\mathrm{e}^{-}$transfer from Cyt b to Cyt c in oxidative phosphorylation
(A) Antimycin A
(B) Streptomycin D
(C) Novobiocin
(D) Erythromycin
118. Human DNA contains $40 \%$ GC content, what will be the melting temperature ?
(A) $80.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(B) $90.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(C) $85.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(D) $92.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
119. The transcription of ribosomal RNA gene cluster by RNA Pol I in the nucleus generates
(A) 55 S Pre r RNA transcript
(B) 28 S Pre r RNA transcript
(C) 18 S Pre r RNA transcript
(D) 45 S Pre r RNA transcript
120. Transgenic sheep developed by the insertion of
(A) $\alpha-1$ antitrypsin
(B) Tissue plasminogen activator
(C) Interleukin-2
(D) K-Casein

## SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

