GUJCET-E-2015

Test Booklet No.

06497

Test Booklet Code



SEAL

This booklet contains 48 pages.

DO NOT open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions :

- This test consists 120 questions of Physics, Chemistry and Biology. Each question carries 1 mark. For each correct response the candidate will get 1 mark. For each incorrect response ¹/₄ mark will be deducted. Maximum marks is 120.
- 2) This Test is of 3 hours duration.
- 3) Use Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on OMR Answer Sheet and marking answers by darkening the circle '•'.
- 4) Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5) On completion of the test, the candidate must handover the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator in the Room / Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6) The CODE for this Booklet is A. Make sure that the CODE printed on the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7) The candidate should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet.
- Do not write your Seat No. anywhere else, except in the specified space in the Test Booklet / Answer Sheet.
- 9) Use of White fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 10) Each candidate must show on demand his / her Admission Card to the Invigilator.
- 11) No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, should leave his / her seat.
- 12) Use of Manual Calculator is permissible.
- 13) The candidate should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and must sign the Attendance Sheet (Patrak - 01). Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet (Patrak - 01) be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 14) The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the Board with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of the Board.
- 15) No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 16) The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet / Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet. (Patrak 01)

PHYSICS

1) In a N–P–N transistor about 10^{10} electrons enter the emitter in 2µs, when it is connected to a battery. Then $I_F = ___µA$.

(A)	200	
(B)	400	0.8 16×10-19×10×10
ler	800	
(D)	1600	21× 10-10

2) The effective length of a magnet is 31.4 cm and its pole strength is 0.8 Am. The magnetic moment, if it is bent in the form of a semicircle is $____3$ Am².

- (A) 1.6
- (B) 1.2
- · (C) 0.16
 - (D) 0.12
- 3) Equal currents are passing through two very long and straight parallel wires in the same direction. They will ______
 - (A) repel each other
 - (B) attract each other
 - (C) lean towards each other
 - (D) neither attract nor repel each other

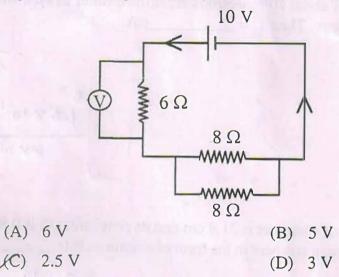
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C. 8 X 10

1 =



4) A voltmeter of a very high resistance is joined in the circuit as shown in figure. The voltage shown by this voltmeter will be _____.



5) A galvanometer of resistance 50 Ω is connected to a battery of 8 V along with a resistance of 3950 Ω in series. A full scale deflection of 30 div is obtained in the galvanometer. In order to reduce this deflection to 15 division, the resistance in series should be _____ Ω

(A)	7900	(B)	1950
(C)	2000	(D)	7950

At a place on Earth, the vertical component of Earth's magnetic field is $\sqrt{3}$ times its horizontal component. The angle of dip at this place is _____.

13

+R.

+ 1.

VEIR



(Space for Rough Work)

$$3750$$

 $8v$
 $1 + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{2}{8}$
 $0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}$
 $R = 10, \frac{1}{8}$
 $R = 1, \frac$

GUJCET-E-2015 BOOKLET A

6)

7) Which gate can be obtained by shorting both the input terminals of a NOR gate.

VA)	OR	(B)	NOT
(C)	AND	(D)	NAND

8)	An optical fiber can offer a band width of						
	(A)	100 MHz	(B)	100 GHz			
	(C)	750 MHz	(D)	250 MHz			

9) To transmit a signal of 3 KHz frequency, the minimum length of antenna is _____km

(A)	20	(B)	25
(C)	50	(D)	75

10) 27 identical drops of mercury are charged simultaneously with the same potential of 10 Volt. Assuming the drop to be spherical, if all the charged drops are made to combine to form one large drop, then its potential will be _____ Volt.

(A)	90	(B)	40
(C)	160	LADT	10

11) When 10¹⁹ electrons are removed from a neutral metal plate through some process, the charge on it becomes _____.

(A)	-1.6 C	(B)	+1.6 C
(C)	10 ¹⁹ C	(D)	10 ⁻¹⁹ C

BOOKLET A

(Space for Rough Work)

$$C = i p^{1/9} \times 1.6 \times 10^{-1/9}$$

 $C = i p^{1/9} \times 1.6 \times 10^{-1/9}$
 $i = 0$
 $i = 0$
 $i = 10 = kg$
 K_{i}
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[5]

- One moving electron when comes closer to other stationary electron, then its kinetic energy and potential energy respectively _____ and _____.
 - (A) increases, decreases (B) increases, increases

(C) decreases, increases (D) decreases, decreases

An inclined plane of length 5.60 m making an angle of 45° with the horizontal is placed in an uniform electric field $E = 100 \text{ Vm}^{-1}$. A particle of mass 1 kg and charge 10^{-2} C is allowed to slide down from rest position from maximum height of slope. If the co-efficient of friction is 0.1, the time taken by the particle to reach the bottom is _____.

- (A) 1 s
 (B) 1.41 s
 (C) 2 s
 (D) None of these
- 14) Charges 1 µc are placed at each of the four corners of a square of side $2\sqrt{2}$ m. The potential at the point of intersection of the diagonals is _____(K = 9 × 10⁹ SI unit)

(A)	$18 \times 10^{3} \text{ V}$	(B)	1800 V (E)	
(C)	$18\sqrt{2} \times 10^3 \text{V}$	(D)	1800 V (E) None of these	(zero)

15) A point charge q is situated at a distance r on axis from one end of a thin conducting rod of length L having a charge Q[Uniformly distributed along its length]. The magnitude of electric force between the two is _____.

$$\begin{array}{c} (A) \quad \frac{2KQ}{r(r+L)} \\ \text{Sinvestimation of the second seco$$

- 16) If alpha particle and deutron move with velocity v and 2v respectively, the ratio of their de Broglie wave length will be _____.
 - (A) $1:\sqrt{2}$ (B) 2:1(C) 1:1 (D) $\sqrt{2}:1$

17) de - Broglie wave length of atom at TK absolute temperature will be

A)
$$\frac{h}{mKT}$$
 (B) $\frac{h}{\sqrt{3mKT}}$
C) $\frac{\sqrt{2mKT}}{h}$ (D) $\sqrt{2mKT}$

18) If the wave length of light is 4000A°, then the number of waves in 1 mm length will be _____.

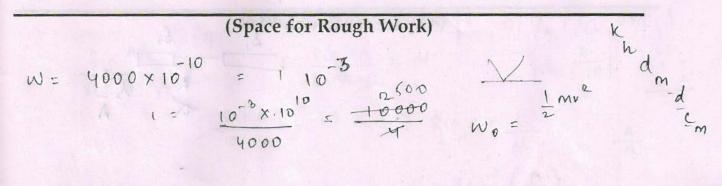
(A)	25	4BT	2500
(C)	250	(D)	25000

The frequencies of X rays, γ rays and Ultra violet rays are respectively p, q and r then

(A) $p < q, q > r$	(B) $p > q, q > r$
$(\mathcal{G}) p < q, q < r$	(D) $p > q, q < r$

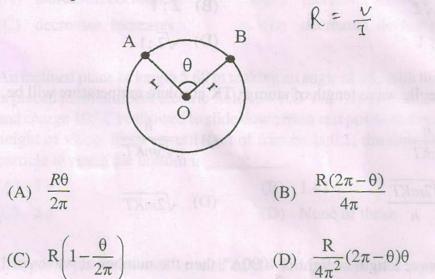
20) Photons having energy 1eV and 2.5 eV successively incident on a metal, having work function is 0.5 eV. The ratio of maximum speed of emitted electrons is

(A)	1:2	(B) 2:1
(C)	3:1	(D) 1:3



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A and B are two points on a uniform ring of radius r. The resistance of the 21) ring is R. $\angle AOB = \theta$ as shown in the figure. The equivalent resistance between points A & B is_ V= IR.



Two wires of equal length and equal diameter and having resistivities p, and ρ_2 are connected in series. The equivalent resistivity of the combination

A)
$$(\rho_1 + \rho_2)$$
 (B) $\frac{\rho_1 + \rho_2}{2}$

(S

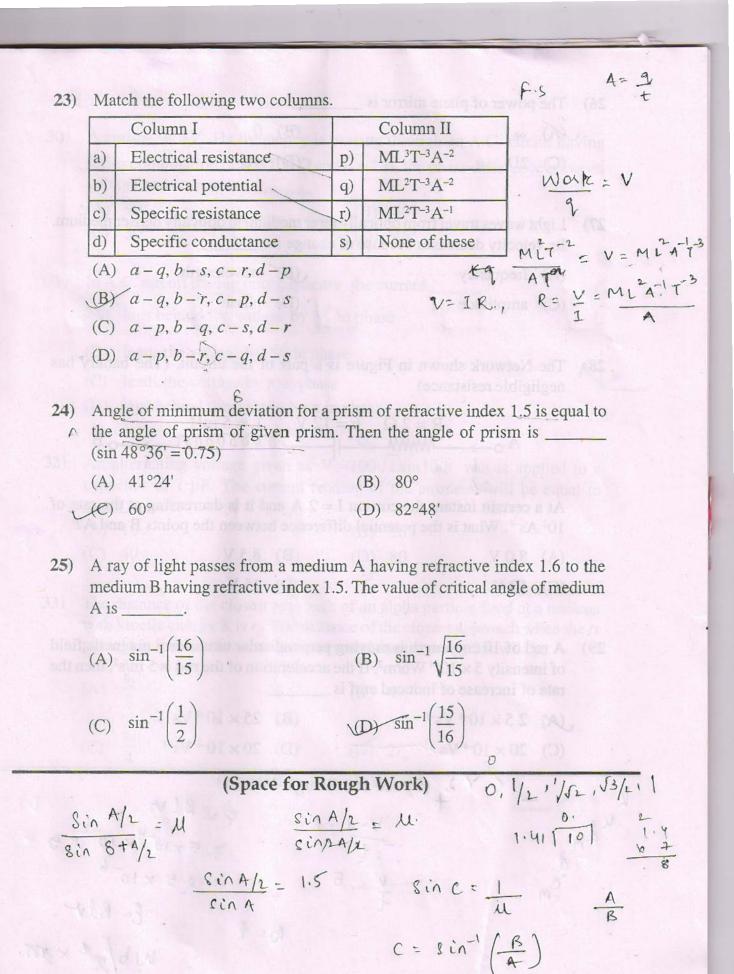
$$(e) \frac{\rho_1 \rho_2}{\rho_1 + \rho_2}$$

22)

SEA

(D)

p1p2



GUJCET-E-2015 BOOKLET A

26)	The	power	of	plane	mirror	is	-
/			107 2	Contraction and the second			

- $(A) \infty$ (B) 0 (C) 2D (D) 4D
- 27) Light waves travel from optically rarer medium to optically denser medium. Its velocity decreases because of change in _____

(A)	frequency	(B) wavelength
(C)	amplitude	(D) phase

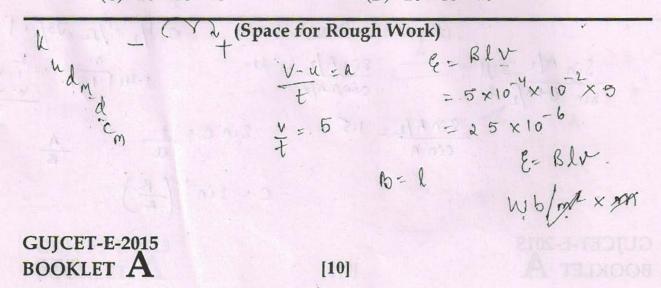
28) The Network shown in Figure is a part of the circuit. (The battery has negligible resistance)

$$\begin{array}{cccc} R = 2 \Omega & E = 12 V & L = 5 \text{ mH} \\ A \longrightarrow & WWW & H & 0000000 & B \\ I & I & I & I \end{array}$$

At a certain instant the current I = 2 A and it is decreasing at the rate of 10^2 As⁻¹. What is the potential difference between the points B and A?

- (A) 8.0 V (B) 8.5 V
- (C) 10 V (D) 15 V
- 29) A rod of 10 cm length is moving perpendicular to uniform magnetic field of intensity 5×10^{-4} Wb/m². If the acceleration of the rod is 5 m/s², then the rate of increase of induced emf is _____.

(A)	2.5 × 10 ⁻⁴ Vs ⁻¹	(B)	$25 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Vs}$	
(C)	$20 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Vs}$	(D)	$20 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Vs}^{-1}$	



30) A current of $\frac{25}{\pi}$ Hz frequency is passing through an A.C. circuit having series combination of R = 100 Ω and L = 2 H, the phase difference between voltage and current is _____

~(A) (C)	-90°	(B)	60°
(C)	30°	(D)	45°

- 31) In A.C. circuit having only capacitor, the current
 - (A) lags behind the voltage by $\frac{\pi}{2}$ in phase
 - (B) leads the voltage by $\frac{\pi}{2}$ in phase
 - (C) leads the voltage by π in phase
 - (D) lags behind the voltage by π in phase
 - Vo
- 32) An alternating voltage given as $V = 100\sqrt{2} \sin 100t$ volt is applied to a capacitor of 1 μ F. The current reading of the ammeter will be equal to mA.

(A) 10	(B)	20
(C) 40	(D)	80

33) The distance of the closest approach of an alpha particle fired at a nucleus with kinetic energy K is r_0 . The distance of the closest approach when the α particle is fired at the same nucleus with kinetic energy 2K will be

(A)	$\frac{r_0}{2}$		(B) $4r_0$	
(C)	$\frac{r_0}{4}$		(10) 2r0	
	ê ye	(Space for)	Rough Work)	0
		Vo = IR		-0
		10052		-

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(P.T.O.)

R

34) Number of spectral line in hydrogen atom is

- (A) 6
 (B) 8
 (C) 15
 (D) α
- 35) A radioactive element X disintegrates successively as under

 $\begin{array}{c} \stackrel{\mathcal{T}^{\mathcal{T}}}{\overset{\beta^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}{\overset{\gamma^{-}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}} X_{4}$ If atomic number and atomic mass number of X are respectively 72 and 180}}}}}}}} X_{4}

- (A) 69, 176
 (B) 69, 172
 (C) 71, 176
 (D) 70, 172
- **36)** The energy released by the fission of one uranium atom is 200 MeV. The number of fission per second required to produce 6.4 W power is _____.

(A)	1011	(B)	2×10^{11}
(C)	1010	(D)	2×10^{10}

37) If by successive disintegration of $\gamma_{92} U^{238}$, the final product obtained is

 $_{82}$ Pb²⁰⁶, then how many number of α and β particles are emitted?

FL

(D) 8 and 12

- (A) 8 and 6 (B) 6 and 8
- (C) 12 and 6

32

10,

(Space for Rough Work)

6,4 = 200× 3.2 ×1

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38) A change of 0.04 V takes place between the base and the emitter when an input signal is connected to the CE transistor amplifier. As a result, $20 \,\mu A$ change take place in the base current and a change of 2 mA takes place in the collector current. Find the input resistance and A.C. current gain.

(A)	2kΩ, 100	(B)	1kΩ, 100
(C)	2kΩ, 200	(D)	1kΩ, 200

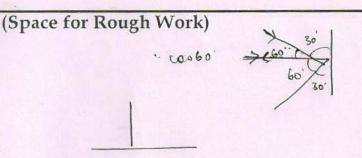
39) A plane polarized light is incident normally on a tourmaline plate. Its \overline{E} vectors make an angle of 60° with the optic axis of the plate. Find the percentage difference between initial and final intensities.

(A)	25%	(B)	50%
(C)	75%	(D)	90%

40) Light of wave length λ is incident on slit of width d. The resulting diffraction pattern is observed on a screen placed at distance D. The linear width of central maximum is equal to width of the slit, then D = _____.







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CHEMISTRY

- 41) Which of the following defect is seen in FeO?
 - (A) Metal excess defect
 - (B) Metal deficiency defect
 - (C) Displacement defect
 - (D) Impurity defect
- 42) Which of the following substance possess antiferromagnetic property?

(A)	Fe ₃ O ₄	U(B)	CrO ₂
(C)	H ₂ O	(D)	MnO

43) The boiling points for aqueous solutions of sucrose and urea are same at constant temperature. If 3 gm of urea is dissolved in its 1 litre solution, what is the weight of sucrose dissolved in its 1 litre solution?[Urea - 60 gm/mole, sucrose = 342 gm/mole]

(A)	3.0 gram	(B)	17.1 gram
(C)	6.0 gram	(D)	34.2 gram

44) Which option is inconsistant for Raoult's law?

- (A) Volume of liquid solvent + volume of liquid solute = volume of solution.
- (B) The change in heat of dilution for solution = 0
- (C) Solute does not undergo association in solution
- (D) Solute undergoes dissociation in solution

(Space for Rough Work) = 0.09 20 0.05 × 342 = 2 2060 GUJCET-E-2015 BOOKLET A [18]

45) Which colligative property is more useful to determine the molecular weight of the substances like proteins and polymers?

- (A) Lowering of vapour pressure
- (B) Elevation in boiling point
- (C) Depression of freezing point
- (D) Osmotic pressure
- 46) The resulting solution obtained at the end of electrolysis of concentrated aqueous solution of NaCl _____.

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 $(\mathbf{P.T.O.})$

- (A) turns red litmus into blue
- (B) turns blue litmus into red
 - (C) remains colourless with phenolphthalein
 - (D) the colour of red or blue litmus does not change
- 47) The value of E^o_{red} for metal A, B and C are 0.34 Volt, -0.80 Volt and -0.46 Volt respectively. State the correct order for their ability to act as reducing agent.

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(A)	C > B > A	<u>(</u> B)	A > B > C
(C)	B > C > A	(D)	C > A > B

48) Two electrolytic cells containing molten solutions of Nickel chloride & Aluminium chloride are connected in series. If same amount of electric current is passed through them, what will be the weight of Nickel obtained when 18 gm of Aluminium is obtained? (Al - 27 gm/mole, Ni - 58.5 gm/mole⁻¹)

[19]

(A) 58.5 gm	(B) 117 gm		
(C) 29.25 gm	(D) 5.85 gm		
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$W = \frac{7}{6500} \times$			

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- 49) Which method is used to get very pure germanium used in semiconductor?
 - (A) electrolysis
 - (B) vapour phase refining
 - (C) liquation
 - (D) zone refining

50) Which product will be obtained in the following reaction? Reaction: $P_{4_{(a)}} + 3NaOH_{(aq)} + 3H_2O_{(l)} \rightarrow$

(A)
$$PH_{3_{(g)}} + 3Na_2HPO_{2_{(aq)}}$$

(B) $PH_{3_{(g)}} + 3NaH_2PO_{2_{(aq)}}$
(C) $2PH_{3_{(g)}} + 3Na_2HPO_{2_{(aq)}}$
(D) $2PH_{3_{(g)}} + 3NaH_2PO_{2_{(aq)}}$

- The molecular formulae for phosgene and tear gas are _____ and _____ respectively.
 - (A) $SOCl_2$ and CCl_2NO_2 (B) $COCl_2$ and CCl_2NO_2 (C) $COCl_2$ and CCl_3NO_2 (D) $SOCl_2$ and CCl_3NO_2

52) Which of the following mixture is called Aquaregia?

- (A) Two parts of conc. HCl and two parts of conc. HNO₃
- (B) Three parts of dil. HCl and 1 part of conc. HNO₃
 - (C) Three parts of conc. HCl and 1 part of dil. HNO₃
 - (D) Three parts of conc. HCl and 1 part of conc. HNO₃

(Space for Rough Work)

- 53) Which of the following is allylic halide?
 - (A) Benzyl chloride

(B) (1 - bromo ethyl) benzene

(C) 1 - bromo benzene

- (D) 3 chloro cyclo hex-1-ene
- 54) 50% of the reagent is used for dehydrohalogenation of 6.45 gm CH_3CH_2Cl . What will be the weight of the main product obtained?

[At. mass of H, C and Cl are 1, 12 & 35.5 gm/mole⁻¹ respectively]

(A) 0.7 gm (B) 1.4 gm

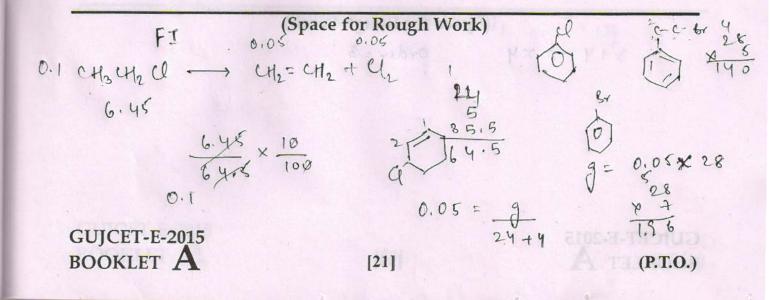
(C) 2.8 gm (D) 5.6 gm

55) Name the following reaction $CH_3CH_2CI + NaI \longrightarrow CH_3CH_2I + NaCI$

- (A) Swartz reaction
- (B) Frinkel-stein reaction
- (C) Wurtz reaction
- (D) Hell-Volhard Zelinsky reaction

56) Which reagent is used for bromination of methyl phenyl ether?

- (A) $Br_2 / Red P$
- (B) Br₂ / CH₃COOH
- (C) $Br_2 / FeBr_3$
- (D) HBr / Δ



(57.)

- Which of the following acid does not have –COOH group?
- (A) Ethanoic acid

(B) Picric acid

(C) Benzoic acid

(D) Salicylic acid

58) Which of the following statement is not correct?

- (A) Phenol is used to prepare analgesic drugs
- (B) Phenol is neutralised by sodium carbonate
- (C) Solubility of phenol in water is more than that of chlorobenzene
- (D) Boiling point of o-nitrophenol is lower than that of p-nitrophenol
- 59) Total order of reaction $X + Y \rightarrow XY$ is 3. The order of reaction with respect to X is 2. State the differential rate equation for the reaction.

(A)
$$-\frac{d[X]}{dt} = K[X]^{3}[Y]^{0}$$
 (B) $-\frac{d[X]}{dt} = K[X]^{0}[Y]^{3}$
(C) $-\frac{d[X]}{dt} = K[X]^{2}[Y]$ (D) $-\frac{d[X]}{dt} = K[X][Y]^{2}$

- 60) $X \xrightarrow{\text{Step-I}} Y \xrightarrow{\text{Step-II}} Z$ is a complex reaction. Total order of reaction is 2 and Step II is slow step. What is molecularity of Step-II?

(Space for Rough Work)

Order = 3

61) Reaction $3ClO^- \rightarrow ClO_3^- + 2Cl^-$ occurs in following two steps.

- $ClO^{-} + ClO^{-} \xrightarrow{K_{1}} ClO_{2}^{-} + Cl^{-} (Slow step)$ (i)
- $ClO_2^- + ClO^- \xrightarrow{K_2} ClO_3^- + Cl^-$ (Fast step) (ii)

then the rate of given reaction = _

- (A) $K_1 [C10^-]^2$ (B) $K_1[C10^-]$
- (C) $K_2[ClO_2^-][ClO^-]$ (D) $K_{2}[CIO^{-}]^{3}$
- 62) At given temperature and pressure adsorption of which gas of the following will take place the most?
 - (A) Di hydrogen (B) Dioxygen 82
 - (C) Ammonia | 7 (D) Di nitrogen 2.8
- 63) Which type of colloid is the dissolution of sulphur (S_s) ?
 - (A) Associated colloid (B) Micelle
 - (C) Multimolecular colloid (D) Macromolecular colloid
- 64) For Adsorption phenomenon, (A) $\Delta H = +ve, \Delta S = -ve$ (B) $\Delta H = -ve, \Delta S = +ve$

 - (C) $\Delta H = -ve$, $\Delta S = -ve$ (D) $\Delta H = +ve$, $\Delta S = +ve$

(Space for Rough Work)

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65) Which of the following statement is incorrect for $KMnO_4$?

- (A) It is an oxidising agent.
- (B) It is used as antiseptic.
- (C) It is used as bleaching agent in textile industries.
- (D) It is dark purple coloured amorphous substance.,

66) Which of the following ion has the maximum theoretical magnetic moment?

(A) Fe^{3+} (B) Cr^{3+} (C) Ti^{3+} (D) Co^{3+}

67) Which of the following oxide has the maximum basicity?

(A) La_2O_3 (B) Pr_2O_3 (C) Sm_2O_3 (D) Gd_2O_3

68) Which of the following spectrochemical series is true?

- (A) $SCN^{-} < NH_{3} < F^{-} < en < CO$
- (B) $SCN^- < F^- < NH_3 < en < CO$
- (C) $SCN^- < F^- < en < NH_3 < CO$
- (D) $SCN^- < F^- < en < CO < NH_3$

(Space for Rough Work)

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69) Which of the following complex is paramagnetic?

(A)	[Ni (CO) ₄]	(B)	[Co(NH ₃) ₆] ³⁺
(C)	[Ni (CN) ₄] ²⁻	(D)	[NiCl ₄] ²⁻

70) Both $[Ni(CO)_4]$ and $[Ni(CN)_4]^2$ are diamagnetic. The types of hybridisation of Ni in these complexes are _____ & ____ respectively.

(A)	sp ³ , sp ³		V(B)	sp ³ , dsp ²
	dsp ² , sp ³		(D)	dsp ² , dsp ²

71) Which of the following order of acidic strength is not correct?, Rasity7, (A) CI, C.COOH > CI, CH.COOH > CI.CH, COOH Acidic (B) $CH_3 \cdot CH_2 \cdot CH.COOH > CH_3 \cdot CH \cdot CH_2 \cdot COOH > CH_2 \cdot CH_2 \cdot CH_2 \cdot CH_2 \cdot COOH$

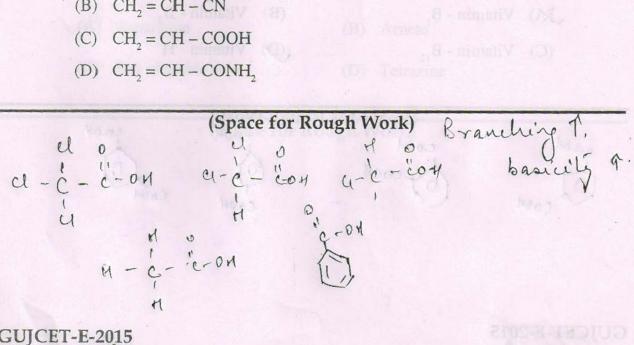
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$$\mathcal{E}$$
) H·COOH > CH, COOH > C, H, COOH

(D) $CH_3COOH > CH_3 \cdot CH_2 \cdot COOH > (CH_3)_2 \cdot CH \cdot COOH$

72) What is the formula of Acrolein?

- (A) $CH_2 = CH CHO$
- (B) $CH_2 = CH CN$



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73) What is IUPAC name for isophthalic acid?

- (A) Benzene 1, 3 dicarboxylic acid
- Benzene 1, 2 dicarboxylic acid (B)
- (Q) Benzene 1, 4 dicarboxylic acid
- (D) Benzene 1, 5 dicarboxylic acid
- 74) What is the name for red azo dye?
 - (A) p hydroxy azo benzene
 - (B) β napthyl azo benzene
 - (C) p amino azo benzene
 - (D) p N, N dimethyl amino azo benzene

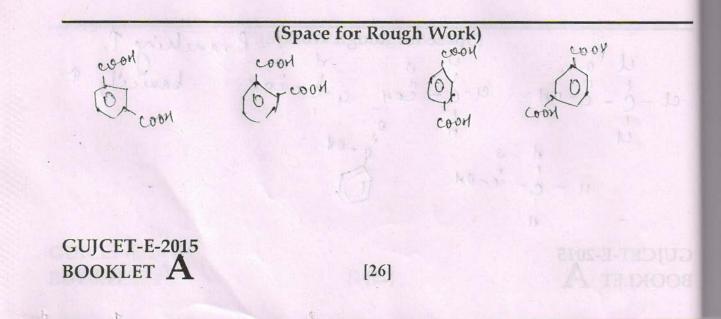
Which of the following is not formed by Sandmayer reaction? 75)

(A) C_6H_5Cl (B) C_6H_5I (D) C,H,CN (C) C_6H_5Br

76) For which vitamin liver is not the source?

- (A) Vitamin B₁ (B) Vitamin B₂

 - (C) Vitamin B₁₂
- Vitamin H (D)



77) In which of the following compound, all the monosaccharide units are not joined by $C_1 - O - C_4$ chain.

(A) Maltose	(B) Lactose
-------------	-------------

- (C) Cellulose (D) Amylopectin
- **78**) Which of the following polymer is formed by cationic addition polymerisation reaction?

(A)	Butyl rubber	~(B)	Poly styrene
(C)	Teflon	(D)	PVC

79) Which of the following polymer is used in pigment?

- (A) Buna S (B) Neoprene
- (C) Teflon (D) Orlon

80) To prevent food from spoilage by microorganism, which substance is used?

~(A)	Aspartame	(B)	Arneto	

(C) Salt of sorbic acid (D) Tetrazine

(Space for Rough Work)

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BIOLOGY

- 81) Which of the following disease shows the blockage of kidney tubules and causes severe back pain?
 - (A) Renal calculi
 - (B) Kidney failure
 - (C) Uremia
 - Nephritis
- 82) During photorespiration which compounds are formed having 2C and 3C respectively in Peroxisome?
 - (A) Glycolate, Glycine
 - (B) Glycine, Glycerate
 - (C) Serine, Glycine
 - (D) Phosphoglycerate, Glycolate
- 83) During rainy season wooden doors and windows are not properly closed. Why?
 - (A) Plasmolysis
 - (B) Diffusion
 - (C) Osmosis
 - (D) Imbibition

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Match the column I, II and III 84)

Column I

- A) Sickle Cell Anaemia
- B) Phenyl Ketonuria
- C) Alkaptonuria
- D) Thalassaemia

Column II

- i) Due to recessive PP genes
- ii) Due to absence of homogentisic oxidase enzyme
 - iii) Follows Mendelian R) Urine turns black Principles
 - iv) Characters caused by homozygous. recessive genes

- Column III
- P) Arrangement of Valine in place of Glutamic acid
- Q) Inborn error of metabolism 🔌
 - when exposed to air
- S) The required haemoglobin is not generated in the blood
- (A) (A ii S) (B iii R) (C i Q) (D iv P)
- (B) (A iv P) (B i Q) (C ii R) (D iii S)
- (C) (A iv P) (B iii R) (C i S) (D ii R)
- (D) (A iii R) (B i Q) (C iv P) (D ii S)
- Which of the following is the symptom of Ulcerative colitis? 85)
- (A) Watery stools containing blood and mucus
 - (B) Difficulty in swallowing
 - (C) Loss of appetite
 - (D) Eyes turn yellow

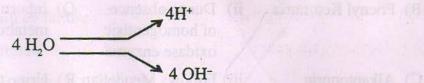
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86) Which one is not cranial bone?

- (A) Frontal
- (C) Temporal

- (B) Zygometic
- (D) Sphenoid

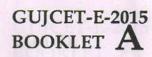
87)



In this process which of the following play important role?

- (A) Chlorophyll (B) Light energy
- (C) Ca^{++} , Mn^{++} , Cl^{--} (D) All of the above
- 88) Which of the following is correct trend of succession in Hydroseric succession?
 - (A) Phytoplankton \rightarrow Rooted submerged \rightarrow Reed swamp \rightarrow Sedge medow.
 - (B) Phytoplankton \rightarrow Reed swamp \rightarrow Rooted submerged \rightarrow Sedge medow
 - (C) Phytoplankton \rightarrow Sedge medow \rightarrow Reed swamp \rightarrow Root submerged
 - (D) Rooted submerged \rightarrow Phytoplankton \rightarrow Reed swamp \rightarrow Sedge medow

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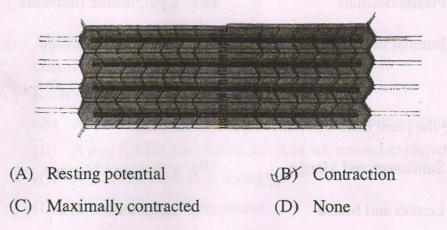
[34]

89) On which surface of cell Donnan equilibrium occur?

- (A) Cell wall (B) Tonoplast
- (C) Plasma membrane
- (D) Nuclear membrane

90) Which type of gene regulate sex-determination in Spinach plant?

- (A) Homozygous genes
- (B) Heterozygous genes
- (C) Single gene (D) Multiple genes
- 91) When the respiratory substances are more than one then which respiratory substrates are not used?
 - (A) Pure Protein (B) Lipid
 - (C) Carbohydrate
- (D) (A) and (B) both
- 92) State the condition of muscle contraction in following diagram.



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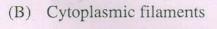
- 93) How many years are considered in one minute in Geological clock?
 - (A) 52000 years

(C) 3,25,000 years

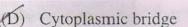
- (B) 1,87,500,000 years
- 94) Which structure is formed at the time of exchange of gamete nuclei in given animal during sexual reproduction.



(A) Plasmodesmata



(C) Internal tubule



95) Name the plant shows adventive embryonic cells.

- (A) Sunflower and Mango
- (B) Citrus and Mango
- (C) Lemon and Maize
- (D) Lemon and Palms

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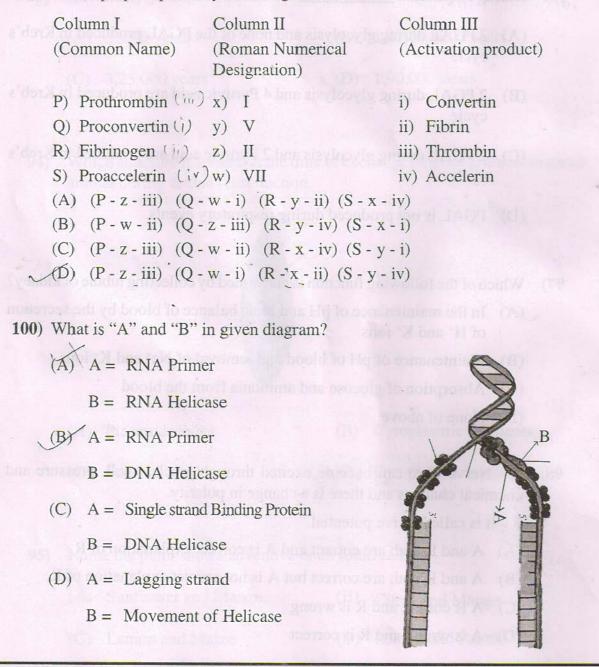
[36]

- 96) During respiration _____.
 - (A) 2 PGAL during glycolysis and none of the PGAL produced in Kreb's cycle
 - (B) 2 PGAL during glycolysis and 4 Pyruvic acid are produced in Kreb's cycle
 - (C) 2 PGAL during glycolysis and 2 Pyruvic acid are produced in Kreb's cycle
 - (D) PGAL is not produced during respiratory events
- 97) Which of the following function is performed by collecting tubule of kidney?
 - (A) In the maintenance of pH and ionic balance of blood by the secretion of H⁺ and K⁺ ions
 - (B) Maintenance of pH of blood and removal of Na⁺ and K⁺ ions
 - (C) Absorption of glucose and ammonia from the blood
 - (D) None of above
- **98)** A Nerve fibre can become excited through touch, smell, pressure and chemical changes and there is a change in polarity.
 - R It is called active potential.
 - (A) A and R both are correct and A is correct explanation of R.
 - (B) A and R both are correct but A is not correct explanation of R.
 - (C) A is correct and R is wrong
 - (D) A is wrong and R is correct

(Space for Rough Work)



99) Select proper option, by matching column I, II and III.



(Space for Rough Work)

101) In which field application of biotechnology occurs?

- (A) Bio-medicine
- (B) Agriculture
- (C) Environmental field
- (D) All of the above
- 102) ______ shows anti-allergic and anti-inflammatory effect.
 - (A) Mineralocorticoids
 - (B) Glucocorticoids
 - (C) Sexcorticoids
 - (D) Noradrenaline
- **103**) During the process of decomposition in which stage complex organic matter convert into inorganic ions and salts by fungi?

(A)	Mineralization	(B) Catabo	olism

(C) Fragmentation (D) All of the above

104) How much amount of volume of air is in lungs FRC?

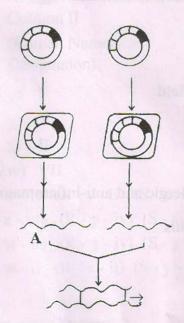
(A) 1500 ml to 1600 ml	(B) 2100 ml to 2500 ml
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(C) 2500 ml to 3000 ml (D) 1600 ml to 2100 ml

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105) What indicated "A" in given figure?



(A) Peptide bond

(C) Disulfide bond

- (B) Glycocidic bond
- (D) Hydrophobic bond

(106) What is total diastolic time of ventricle in cardiac cycle?

(A)	0.30 second	, AB)	0.40 second	
(C)	0.50 second	(D)	0.10 second	

107) Which amino acid determines by four genetic codes?

(A) Leucine (Leu)

(B) Proline (Pro)

(C) Serine (Ser)

(D) Tyrosine (Tyr)

(Space for Rough Work)

108) Which is the inhibitory hormone of GH?

- (A) Insulin
- (B) Parathormone
- (C) Somatoştatin
- (D) Testosterone

109) Complete and balanced the following reaction.

$$Na_{2}HPO_{4} + \underline{X} \rightarrow \underline{Y} + NaH_{2}PO_{4}$$
(A) X = NaHCO₃, Y = NaCl
(B) X = H₂CO₃, Y = NaH₂CO₃
(C) X = NaHCO₃, Y = H₂CO₃
(D) X = H₂CO₃, Y = NaHCO₃

- 110) How many molecules of ATP and NADPH are require in formation of two molecules of glucose? How many Calvin cycles are required?
 - (A) 36 ATP, 24 NADPH, 12 Calvin cycles
 - (B) 18 ATP, 12 NADPH, 6 Calvin cycles
 - (C) 36 ATP, 24 NADPH, 6 Calvin cycles
 - (D) 24 ATP, 36 NADPH, 12 Calvin cycles

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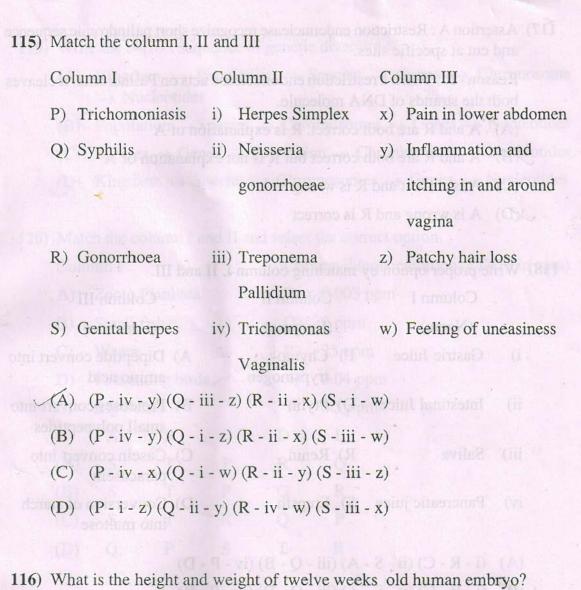
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- 111) A The DNA fingerprint is the same for every cell, tissue and organ of a person. DNA fingerprint is used for treatment of inherited disorders like R -Huntigton's disease, Alzheimer's and Sickle cell anemia. (A) A and R both are correct. R is explanation of A (B) A and R both are correct but R is not explanation of A (C) A is correct and R is wrong (D) A is wrong and R is correct **112**) Which part is not included in Coehlear duct? (A) Reissner's membrane (B) Macula of Utricle (D) Tectorial membrane (C) Scala Media 1:13) Which is Gynandromorph type of animal? (A) Drossophilla (B) Beetles (C) Silk worms (D) All of the above **114**) DNA polymerase enzyme is isolated from which bacteria? (B) Thermus aquaticus (A) E.Coli
 - (C) Bacillus thrunegenesis (D) Agro bacterium

(Space for Rough Work)

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[42]



(A) 7.5 cm, 650 gram (B) 7.5 cm, 14 gram

(C) 42 cm, 1800 gram (D) 32 cm, 650 gram

(Space for Rough Work)

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117) Assertion A : Restriction endonuclease recognize short palindromic sequence and cut at specific sites.

Reason - R : When a restriction endonuclease acts on Palindrome, it cleaves both the strands of DNA molecule.

- (A) A and R are both correct. R is explanation of A
- $\mathcal{A}(B)$ A and R are both correct but R is not explanation of A
- (C) A is correct and R is wrong
 - (D) A is wrong and R is correct

118) Write proper option by matching column I, II and III.

	Column I		Column II		Column III
	(Name)		(Enzyme)		(Function)
i)	Gastric Juice	P)	Chymo- trypsinogen	A)	Dipeptide convert into amino acid
ii)	Intestinal Juice	-	Ptylin		Proteoses convert into small polypeptides
iii)	Saliva		Renin		Casein convert into paracasein
iv)	Pancreatic juice	S)	Erepsin	D)	Conversion of starch into maltose
(A)	(i - R - C) (ii - S -	- A)	(iii - Q - B) (iv -	P - D)	

(A) (i - R - C)(ii - S - A)(iii - Q - B)(iv - P - D)(B) (i - R - C)(ii - S - A)(iii - Q - D)(iv - P - B)(C) (i - S - D)(ii - R - C)(iii - P - B)(iv - Q - A)(D) (i - Q - A)(ii - P - C)(iii - R - B)(iv - S - D)

(Space for Rough Work)

119) Write the correct sequence of genetic diversity.

- (A) Kingdom \rightarrow Population \rightarrow Species \rightarrow Genes \rightarrow Chromosome \rightarrow Nucleotides
- (B) Population \rightarrow Species \rightarrow Chromosomes \rightarrow Genes \rightarrow Nucleotides
- (C) Species \rightarrow Genes \rightarrow Population \rightarrow Chromosomes \rightarrow Nucleotides
- (D) Kingdom \rightarrow Species \rightarrow Chromosomes \rightarrow Genes \rightarrow Nucleotides

120) Match the column I and II and select the correct option.

Column I

Column II (concentration of DDT in ppm)

A)	Zooto	Plankton	ŋ	P)	0.003 ppn	h
B)	Small	fishes	Q)	2 ppm		
C)	Water	· · · ·	1	(R)	25 ppm	
D)	Fish e	ating bird	ds	S)	0.04 ppm	
E)	Big fis	shes		T)	0.5 ppm	
	А	В	С	D	E	
(A)	S	Т	Р	R	Q	
(B)	S	Т	Р	Q	R	
(C)	S	Т	R	Q	Р	
(D)	Q	Р	S	Т	R	

(Space for Rough Work)